

INMA: International Nuclear Management Academy

John Roberts

The University of Manchester

John de Grosbois

Nuclear Knowledge Management, Department of Energy

International Atomic Energy Agency



IAEA

International Atomic Energy Agency

What is Knowledge Management ?



Nuclear Knowledge Management is
an integrated and systemic approach
applied to all stages of the knowledge cycle,
including its **creation**, identification, **sharing**, **protection**, dissemination,
preservation, **transfer**, etc.

Knowledge processes in place, to serve a purpose

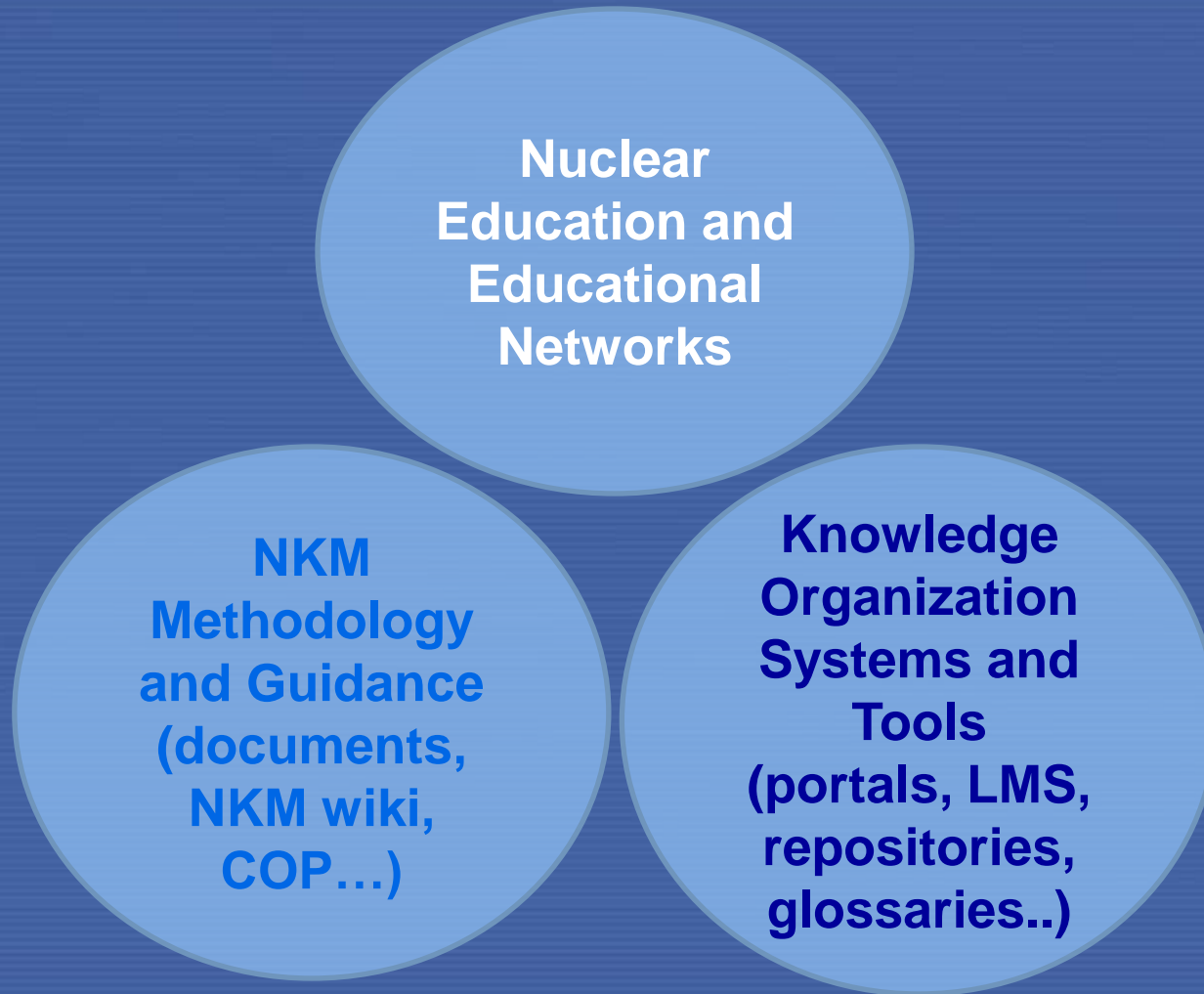
Agency's role

- ▶ Potential high risk of knowledge loss with additional costs for future generations must be avoided, and the Agency can help to integrate this long-term aspect into today's strategic decisions.
- ▶ The role for the Agency is to assist in the transfer of knowledge from “centres of competence” to “centres of growth”

Nuclear KM Focus Areas & Scope



IAEA Nuclear Knowledge Management Programme



Education provides knowledge (hopefully)

Facilitating nuclear science and Technology education and networking

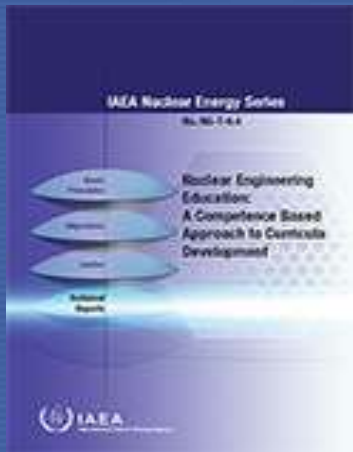
- I. **Fostering high quality sustainable nuclear education**
- II. **Developing NKM competences**

Fostering nuclear education

- **Methods and tools**
- **Content sharing**
- **Supporting Networks**
- **Assistance and peer reviewing**



Some documents



Nuclear Engineering Education: A Competence-based Approach in Curricula Development

Nuclear Energy Series No. NG-T-6.4, 2014

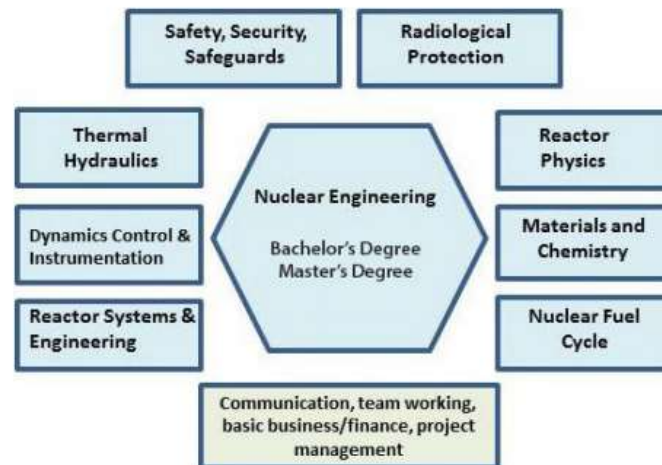


FIG. 2. Scope of nuclear engineering academic programmes.²

Fostering Regional Educational Networks



IAEA supported

Close collaboration
with

ENEN (Europe)
NTEC (UK)
SCK-CEN (Belgium)
UNENE (Canada)





Research on

“Sustainable Education in Nuclear Science and Technology”

- Impact of adopting modern **ICT tools**
- Cooperation and collaboration approaches (industry, universities and government)
- Outreach best practices
- Demographics and gender and supply and demand issues
- Benchmarking nuclear education
- Challenges in “nuclearization”
- Map nuclear competences

CLP4NET (<http://nkm.iaea.org/clp4net>)

**CLP4NET**

Cyber Learning Platform for Network Education and Training

HOME | ABOUT | RESOURCES



Cyber Learning Platform for Network Education and Training (CLP4NET) is an online platform that allows users to find educational resources easily and contains a learning environment to support instructor-led courses and disseminate e-learning self-study resources to a wider audience. The use of the IAEA's platform is provided as a cost-free service to all of the IAEA and its cooperation partners.

Self-directed Learning Management System	Instructor-led Learning Management System	Integrated Database on Education and Training
		
Making self-learning materials available online to a wider audience	To support and enhance instructor-led training courses for closed groups of participants	Finding educational resources and opportunities easily, using an advanced search

Click the logos below to visit the websites of Nuclear Education Networks



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Maintaining Workforce NES Skills

Discussed

Partners: IAEA, UN, WHO, FAO, UNESCO, etc.

Integrated Database on Nuclear E&T



Integrated Database on
NUCLEAR EDUCATION AND TRAINING

Home · System Access · English · Spanish

Networking Nuclear Education

The integrated database for nuclear education and training includes information and data gathered from and provided by organisations which are members of Nuclear Education Networks from different regions, such as Africa (**AFRA-NEST**), Asia (**ANENT**), and Latin America (**LANENT**), fostered by the IAEA.

The data presented in this database are provided by such organisations. The entities and institutions in charge of sharing such data are exclusively responsible for the information published in the database ([See Terms and Conditions](#)).

This database is a useful tool for students, teachers, professionals, and general public interested in obtaining information related to the nuclear field:

- » **Training courses:** Courses, seminars, workshops, conferences and others.
- » **Undergraduate careers:** Technical Degrees and Associate Degrees.
- » **Degrees:** Studies of a professional degree with a duration of 4 to 5 years in a technological university or institute for advanced studies.
- » **Postgraduate careers:** Studies with an approximate total duration of two years after the first degree.
- » **PhD topics:** Postgraduate studies with an approximate duration of four years, generally after a Master's Degree.
- » **Opportunities:** Jobs, fellowships, internships, cooperation, etc.
- » **Educational material:** related to nuclear science and technology.
- » **A list of organizations** that provide education and/or training services related to the nuclear field.

You are kindly invited to explore the nuclear education world using this database searching capability!

DATABASE Search!



IAEA
International Atomic Energy Agency



AFRA-NEST



ANENT
Asia Nuclear Education Network



LANENT
Latin America Nuclear Education Network



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The Nuclear Educational Networks and this website were established with the assistance of the IAEA.

Nuclear Energy Management Schools



**2011:
ICTP**

**2010:
ICTP**



**2012:
UAE
ICTP
Tokaimura**



**2013:
Texas A&M
Tokyo
ICTP**

**2014:
Tokyo
ICTP**

**2015:
UAE
Tokyo
ICTP**

**2016:
S. Africa
17-28 Oct.
Tokyo
ICTP**



NMK education



- **Basic NKM school** (2016, 222 applicants)

- Modality : blended learning

NKM PRETRAINING

- Trieste, Italy (12th edition)
- Brazil (October)

- **Advanced NKM School**

- Pilot 2016, for NPPs practitioners
(last week of October, Karlsruhe)

- **NKM for Universities**



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Need for Formal Education in Nuclear Technology Management

- Ongoing need for competent nuclear managers
 - Nuclear-specific management education needed
 - Broad understanding of nuclear technology issues needed
 - Mostly “*managerizing*” engineers and scientists and “*nuclearizing*” managers
- Greater availability and accessibility needed
 - Little available now except in-house training
 - Working professionals need access to part-time distance learning
 - Developing countries need to develop managers

Background Research - Findings

- Managers in the nuclear industry are typically engineers
- Most have limited chances to obtain formal management education
- Some have no nuclear engineering or nuclear science education
- Long time-lines to prepare for management roles
- Often major gaps in a managers knowledge
- Many experienced managers are near retirement

International Nuclear Management Academy

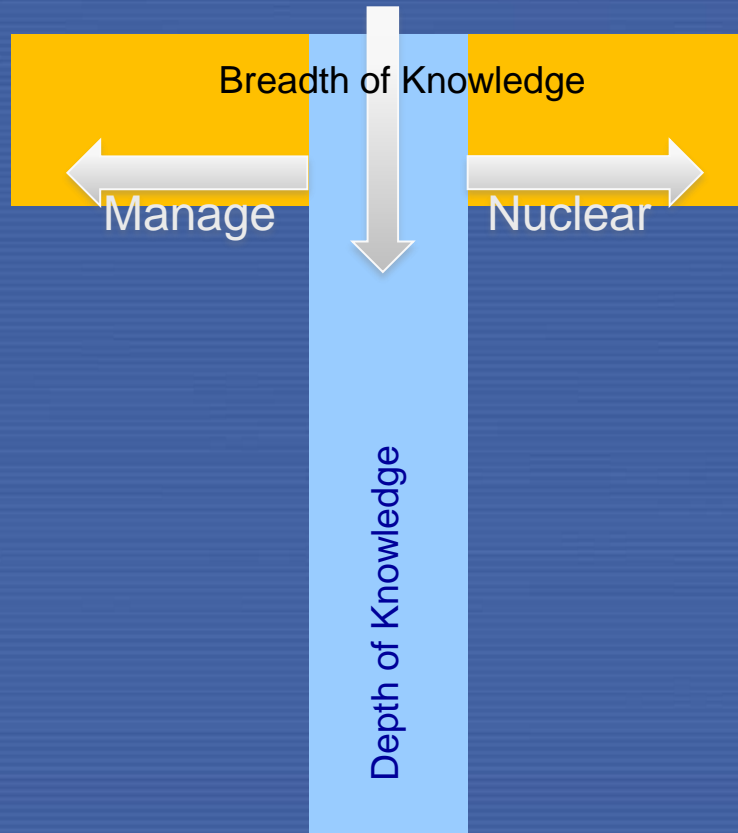
- An IAEA-facilitated framework for university collaboration to implement master's level programmes in Nuclear Technology Management
- Students in the programme are current managers or future managers working in the nuclear sector
- Initiative launched in Nov 2013. First programme started in 2014.



The Purpose of INMA NTM Programmes

- Avoid serious gaps in nuclear technology managerial competencies
- Strengthen depth and breadth of managerial competencies
- Ensure high quality technology management education for nuclear managers is available & accessible
- Reduced time-lines to managerial competency
- Strengthening management competencies and management decision-making
- Improving both safety and economics of nuclear technology

Aim: T Shaped Leaders



Common Requirements Defined as Competency Areas

Divided into four Aspect Groups:

- External Environment
- Technology
- Management
- Leadership

Aspect Group 1: External environment

- 1.1 Energy production, distribution and markets
- 1.2 International nuclear organizations
- 1.3 National nuclear technology policy, planning and politics
- 1.4 Nuclear standards
- 1.5 Nuclear law
- 1.6 Business law and contract management
- 1.7 Intellectual property (IP) management
- 1.8 Nuclear licensing, licensing basis and regulatory processes
- 1.9 Nuclear security
- 1.10 Nuclear safeguards
- 1.11 Transport of nuclear goods and materials

Aspect Group 2: Technology

- 2.1 Nuclear power plant and other facility design principles
- 2.2 Nuclear power plant/facility operational systems
- 2.3 Nuclear power plant/facility life management
- 2.4 Nuclear facility maintenance processes and programmes
- 2.5 Systems engineering within nuclear facilities
- 2.6 Nuclear safety principles and analysis
- 2.7 Radiological safety and protection
- 2.8 Nuclear reactor physics and reactivity management
- 2.9 Nuclear fuel cycle technologies
- 2.10 Nuclear waste management and disposal
- 2.11 Nuclear power plant/facility decommissioning
- 2.12 Nuclear environmental protection, monitoring and remediation
- 2.13 Nuclear R&D and innovation management
- 2.14 Application of nuclear science

Aspect Group 3: Management

- 3.1 Nuclear engineering project management
- 3.2 Management systems in nuclear organizations
- 3.3 Management of employee relations in nuclear organizations
- 3.4 Organizational human resource management and development
- 3.5 Organizational behaviour
- 3.6 Financial management and cost control in nuclear
- 3.7 Information and records management in nuclear
- 3.8 Training and human performance management in nuclear organizations
- 3.9 Performance monitoring and organization improvement
- 3.10 Nuclear quality assurance programmes
- 3.11 Procurement and supplier management in nuclear organizations
- 3.12 Nuclear safety management, risk-informed decision-making
- 3.13 Nuclear incident management, emergency planning and response
- 3.14 Operating experience feedback and corrective action processes
- 3.15 Nuclear security programme management
- 3.16 Nuclear safety culture
- 3.17 Nuclear events and lessons learned
- 3.18 Nuclear knowledge management

Aspect Group 4: Leadership

- 4.1 Strategic leadership
- 4.2 Ethics and values of a high standard
- 4.3 Communication strategies for leaders in nuclear
- 4.4 Leading change in nuclear organizations

Scope and Depth of NTM Programmes

Required Minimum Competency Areas

Exceeded
Competency Areas
Minimum Levels

Proposed Programmatic Themes

Specializations may include:

- Theme 1: Licensed Nuclear Facilities (POM for nuclear)
- Theme 2: New Build Projects (and Refurbishment)
- Theme 3: Technology Research, Design & Development
- Theme 4: Decommissioning and Environmental Remediation
- Theme 5: Safety Assessment, Licensing & Regulatory Affairs
- Theme 6: Energy Policy, Planning and Development
- Theme 7: Management of the Nuclear Fuel Cycle
- Theme 8: Management of Non-power Applications (separate CA's in development)

INMA Learning Hours

	Approximate Number of Learning Hours
Aspect Group 1: External Environment	150 - 450
Aspect Group 2: Technology	450 - 750
Aspect Group 3: Management	300 - 750
Aspect Group 4: Leadership	150 - 300
Master's Project and Dissertation	300 - 600
Work Experience or Internship	900 - 1800

Collaboration With Industry

- The Nuclear Industry manages nuclear facilities
 - Contribute to the Educational Programmes - send managers as lecturers
- Send managers / future managers to INMA programmes as students
- Employ those who have completed an INMA programme
- Provide input and feedback on curriculum
- Nuclear-specific case studies and experience (practitioners perspective)
- Provide facilities for site tours, work terms or internships

International Nuclear Management Academy

- Master's level degree programmes in Nuclear Technology Management that member universities develop and deliver (alone or together)
- Work to promote national level recognition of NTM professional designation for INMA graduates
- IAEA will provide a lead on –
 - INMA Programme Competency Requirements
 - Annual Meeting
 - Advisory Board and Steering Committee
 - INMA Website
 - CLP4NET for Resource Sharing
 - Peer Review Assessment of NTM Programmes

Peer Review Assessment

- To determine if an INMA programme implemented by a University meets the Competency Areas
- Universities get useful advice and suggestions from the peer review assessment
- Best practices are passed on to other Members
- The process encourages collaboration, sharing of resources, networking etc.
- Right to use INMA logo granted after successful peer review

Peer Review Process

- IAEA INMA Assist Visit — optional
- Self-assessment benchmarking of existing programme(s)
- The Peer Review Assessment Mission
- Final Peer Review Assessment Report
- Consideration of Peer Review Report and Suggestions by the University
- IAEA acceptance of INMA endorsement

Visits to Universities

2014

- ☐ University of Tokyo, Japan
- ☐ University of Manchester, UK
- ☐ Texas A&M University, USA
- ☐ MEPhI, Russia

2015

- ☐ North-West University, South Africa
- ☐ Wits University, South Africa
- ☐ Tsinghua University, China
- ☒ University of Manchester, UK

2016

- ☐ UOIT, Canada
- ☒ Wits University, South Africa
- ☒ MEPhI, Russia

2017

- ☒ Texas A&M University, USA

The University of Manchester INMA Peer Review Mission



Possible Future Visits

- ❑ Inst de Tecnología Nuclear Dan Beninson, Argentina
- ❑ Barcelona, Spain
- ❑ Harbin Engineering University, China
- ❑ University of South China
- ❑ Tsinghua University, China
- ❑ University of Tokyo, Japan
- ❑ Pavia, Italy
- ❑ Others (Excelsior, Australia, Malaysia?)

INMA Summary

- To support education in Nuclear Technology Management
- To improve the competency profiles of the workforce and their organisations
- To support professional career development for practitioners in the nuclear community
- To raise the profile of nuclear technology management
- To develop and sustain communities of both learning and practice for nuclear professionals
- Long term real benefit is improved safety, performance, and economics

Third International Conference on
Nuclear Knowledge Management
Challenges and Approaches

Vienna, Austria 7–11 November 2016



Thank you very much for your kind attention!



For further information

<http://www.iaea.org/nuclearknowledge>

NKM@iaea.org

m.sbaffoni@iaea.org

